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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/734,179	12/15/2003	Sang Kyun Lee	3811-0134P	2150	
2292	7590 05/19/2005	·	EXAM	EXAMINER	
	EWART KOLASCH &	MOORE, MA	MOORE, MARGARET G		
PO BOX 74 FALLS CH	7 JRCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT PAPER NUM		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1712		
			DATE MAILED: 05/19/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/734,179	LEE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Margaret G. Moore	1712				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status	:					
1)☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a)☐ This action is FINAL.						
Disposition of Claims						
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1 to 14 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) 4 to 11, 13 and 14 is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1,2 and 12 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 3 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Application/Control Number: 10/734,179

Art Unit: 1712

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

I. Claims 1 to 3 and 12, drawn to a siloxane resin, classified in class 528, subclass 35.

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- II. Claim 4 to 8 and 13, drawn to a method of forming a film, classified in class 427, subclass 387.
- III. Claims 9 to 11 and 14, drawn to an interlayer film, classified in class 428, subclass 447.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions of Group I and Group III are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as a top coating composition for plastics or stone and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.
- 3. Inventions of Group I and Group II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the instant product can be used in a materially different process, such as a process of forming a topcoat on a ceramic or a plastic.

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4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Groups II and III is not required for Group I, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

- 5. During a telephone conversation with Joseph Kolasch on 5/4/05, a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1 to 3 and 12. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 4 to 11, 13 and 14 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 6. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 8. Claims 1, 2 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mager et al.

Mager et al. teach cyclic monomeric organosilanes meeting Formula 1. See for instance compound III on column 2. To these silanes Mager et al. teach the addition of an alkoxide compound. See the formula on the bottom of column 3, in which Q can be Ge. This meets Formula 2 when a = 4. These compounds undergo a condensation reaction to form a final siloxane. In this manner instant claim 1 is anticipated by Mager

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et al. See the tables on column 5, which teach amounts of alkoxide and organosilane which meet instant claim 2.

Mager et al. fail to specifically teach the dielectric constant of the siloxane resin produced therein, but the dielectric constant is a value that is inherently associated with the product. Since the claimed product is fully met by the teachings of Mager et al., the dielectric constant that is associated therewith will inherently meet that claimed. Note that a composition and the properties associated therewith are inseparable. Products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties. A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present.

9. Claim 3 is objected to as being based upon a rejected base claim.

The prior art fails to teach a molecular weight for the siloxane prepared therein. In addition, since the composition is directly applied as a coating after condensation and cured, there is nothing that would motivate the skilled artisan to adjust the molecular weight prior to the coating step such that it falls within the claimed range.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Margaret G. Moore whose telephone number is 571-272-1090. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Wednesday and Friday, 10am to 4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski can be reached on (571) 272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free),

Margaret∕ G. Moore Primary Examiner Art Unit 1712

mgm 5/13/05